

## HEO OP Quiz Program – Quiz #4 (January 2018)

1. A player is checked from behind into the net or boards in such a manner that he is unable to protect himself. The player is shaken up but not injured. What penalty is assessed?
  - a) Minor penalty and Game Misconduct for Checking from Behind
  - b) Major and Game Misconduct for Checking from Behind
  - c) Match penalty
  - d) Major and Game Misconduct or Match at the discretion of the referee
2. What penalty is assessed when a player cross-checks his opponent above the normal height of the shoulders but no injury occurs?
  - a) Minor penalty for Cross-checking
  - b) Major penalty and Game Misconduct
  - c) Match penalty
  - d) Minor penalty for Checking to the Head and a Misconduct penalty
3. Based on the degree of violence of the impact; what penalty shall be assessed any player who intentionally pushes, body checks or hits an opposing player from behind, anywhere on the ice?
  - a) a Minor penalty and a Game Misconduct penalty or a Major penalty and a Game Misconduct or a Match penalty at the discretion of the Referee.
  - b) a Major penalty and Game Misconduct penalty.
  - c) a Major penalty and a Gross Misconduct penalty.
  - d) a Match penalty.
4. Can a Linesman stop play when the puck has been illegally batted with the hand from one player to a teammate?
  - a) Yes
  - b) No
  - c) Depends
  - d) Maybe
5. A player who is outside the crease grabs the puck that is in the crease pulling the puck outside the crease. The player then falls on it. Award a Minor penalty.
  - a) True
  - b) False
6. A Minor penalty shall be assessed any player who deliberately holds the puck against the boards or any part of the goal in any manner, unless he is being checked by an opponent.
  - a) True
  - b) False
7. A player deliberately carries the puck into the attacking zone when he knows that players from his team are in an off-side position. Where will the face-off take place?
  - a) Nearest neutral zone dot
  - b) Centre ice
  - c) The end zone face-off spot in the offensive zone of the defending team.
  - d) The end zone face-off spot in the defending zone of the offending team.

8. A player on the bench protests an official's ruling through verbal or physical gestures that may be considered disrespectful in any way, or who bangs the boards or ice surface with a stick or any other object in protest of the ruling, shall be assessed what penalty?
  - a) A bench minor penalty.
  - b) A misconduct penalty.
  - c) A Game Misconduct penalty.
  - d) A Gross Misconduct penalty.
9. A player on the ice carries two players' sticks so that she can give one to a teammate who has lost or broken her stick. SRD.
  - a) Ignore it, play continues.
  - b) Assess a minor penalty only if they participate in the play.
  - c) Assess a minor penalty.
  - d) Assess a minor penalty only if they are further than 10 feet away.
10. The carrying of sticks above the normal height of the \_\_\_\_\_ of the opponent is prohibited.
  - a) Crossbar
  - b) Chest
  - c) Shoulder
  - d) Elbow
11. A pass shall be considered to have been completed if the puck so passed contacts any part of the stick, body or skate of the player on the same team.
  - a) True
  - b) False
12. A player has a breakaway in the neutral or attacking zone and is fouled from behind. She then gets up and takes a clear unimpeded shot on goal. Should a penalty shot be awarded if the goal is not scored?
  - a) Yes
  - b) No
  - c) Yes, only if it is a tripping penalty
13. The Linesman is set to drop the puck which is subsequently knocked out of her hand by one of the players taking the face-off. What procedure does the Linesman follow?
  - a) Blow her whistle immediately and re-start the face-off right away
  - b) Blow her whistle immediately and remove the offending player from the face-off
14. The puck is batted with the hand, hits the body of a teammate, and then is picked up by an opposing player. The play should be stopped.
  - a) False
  - b) True
15. What penalty is assessed when a player makes deliberate contact with the head of an opposing player? No injury occurred on the play.
  - a) Minor penalty for Head Contact
  - b) Double Minor penalty for Head Contact
  - c) Double Minor penalty for Head contact, or at the discretion of the referee a Major penalty and a Game Misconduct for Head Contact
  - d) Minor penalty for Checking to the Head and a Misconduct penalty

16. In the following situation, what player returns after the goal?

A9-2            @        4:00  
A8-2+2        @        4:00  
B scores        @        3:00

- a) A9 returns
- b) A8 returns
- c) Nobody returns
- d) Both return

17. In the following situation, what player returns after the goal?

B3-2            @        5:00  
A8-2            @        4:30  
A9-2            @        4:00  
B scores        @        3:50

- a) Nobody returns
- b) A9 returns
- c) B3 returns
- d) A8 returns

18. The Referee observes a player (not the goaltender) pick up the puck with his hand, take a stride, and throw it ahead to himself in the neutral zone. What is the appropriate call?

- a) Allow the play to continue.
- b) Stop play and issue a warning.
- c) Assess a Minor penalty for delay of game.
- d) Assess a Minor penalty for handling the puck.

19. If a player "persists" in showing further disrespect and disputes the ruling of a referee, what is the official to do?

- a) Assess a double-minor for unsportsmanlike conduct
- b) Ignore it and skate away
- c) Assess a misconduct
- d) Assess another minor penalty for unsportsmanlike conduct

20. The puck was shot from the left point and frozen by the goalie on the right side. What is the determining factor for what end zone faceoff spot this faceoff will take place?

- a) The side the puck was shot from
- b) The side the goaltender froze the puck on
- c) The side where most of the play was
- d) The side most convenient for the positioning of the referee

21. When two players are pushing and shoving after the whistle, what is the referee encouraged to do?

- a) penalize both players equally
- b) penalize the retaliator
- c) ignore it since they both got their pushes in
- d) assess the initial player a double minor so a differential exists

22. When an official goes to retrieve the puck, player B13 deliberately shoots the puck away from the official and down the ice. What penalty can the referee assess?
- a) Ignore it
  - b) an unsportsmanlike conduct penalty
  - c) a warning to the offending player
  - d) a misconduct penalty
23. Technically, linesman shall check the netting on the goals at the beginning of each period.
- a) True
  - b) False
24. Faceoffs can take place between the neutral zone face-off dot and the centre ice line.
- a) True
  - b) False
25. Can a player who is taking a face-off have his heel of his stick in the air and toe of the blade on the ice?
- a) Yes
  - b) No